

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AS OF JUNE 30, 2007 WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Rio Dell Rio Dell, California

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rio Dell (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosure in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rio Dell as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in the financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons listed as part of the basic financial statements for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 23, 2007 on our consideration of the City of Rio Dell's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 12 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Rio Dell's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget *Circular A-133*, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of City of Rio Dell. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mann, Urrutia, Nelson CPAs

Sacramento, CA October 23, 2007

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

This section of the City of Rio Dell Annual Financial Statements presents management's analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007. This information is presented in conjunction with the audited basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2007 Financial Highlights

The financial highlights reflect the efforts of the City Council and City staff to maximize revenues, reduce debt, and improve City infrastructure and services. During the 2006-2007 year, five prior fiscal year audits were completed, which provided the stable foundation the City needed to begin improving its financial condition. Throughout the year, City staff and the City Council have emphasized debt reduction and conservative spending to maximize City assets, reduce deficits, and maintain fund balances.

The City's investment in infrastructure is evident with the continuance of the City's award winning \$8.72 million dollar Water Infrastructure Project, which first began in 2005. The City has begun the planning stages for a new sewer facility and an effluent disposal plan with help from the State Water Resources Control Board Small Community Wastewater Grant Program in the form of a \$129,000 grant. Actual construction is expected to begin sometime during 2008 or 2009 with an estimated project cost of \$15 million dollars. The City's continued focus on infrastructure improvements increases the quality of services provided to its citizens and improves the City's financial position by increasing its assets.

Citywide:

- At June 30, 2007, the City's net assets totaled \$11,173,720, an increase of \$1,830,052 from the prior year.
- Combined citywide revenues totaled \$4,891,542, including charges for services of \$2,287,809, operating
 grants and contributions of \$316,438, capital grants and contributions of \$1,833,619, and general revenues
 in the amount of \$453,676.
- Citywide expenses totaled \$3,061,490, a 5% increase in comparison to the prior year.

Fund Level:

- Total Governmental fund balances increased by \$263,105.
- Governmental fund expenditures totaled \$2,165,887.
- Governmental fund revenues totaled \$3,990,350 and exceeded expenditures by \$1,824,463.
- Proprietary fund net assets increased in the amount of \$2,131,762 and totaled \$10,160,905 on June 30, 2007
- Proprietary fund net cash and cash equivalents increased in the amount of \$163,459.
- Proprietary fund liabilities decreased by \$110,559 in comparison to the prior year.

Overview of the Annual Financial Report

This Annual Financial Report is in five parts:

- 1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this part)
- 2) The Basic Financial Statements, which include the government-wide and the fund financial statements
- 3) Required Supplemental Information

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

- 4) Combining Statements for Non-Major Governmental Funds
- 5) Other Reports

The Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements are comprised of (1) the citywide financial statements and (2) the fund financial statements. These two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the City's financial activities and financial position. long-term and short-term.

The citywide financial statements provide a long-term view of the City's activities as a whole, and are comprised of the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. The statement of net assets provides information about the financial position of the City as a whole, including all its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The statement of activities provides information about all the City's revenues and expenses, with the emphasis on measuring net revenues and expenses of each of the City's programs. The statement of activities explains in detail the change in net assets for the year.

The citywide financial statements group all of the City's activities into governmental activities and business-type activities, as explained below. All of the amounts in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities are separated into governmental activities and business-type activities in order to provide a summary of the activities as a whole.

The fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the citywide statements and focus primarily on the short-term activities of the general fund and other major funds. The fund financial statements measure only current revenues and expenditures, current assets, liabilities and fund balances; they exclude capital assets, long-term liabilities and other long term amounts.

Major funds account for the major financial activities of the City and are presented individually, while the activities of non-major funds are presented in summary with subordinate schedules presenting the details for each of the other funds.

The City acts solely as a depository agent for various community functions. The fiduciary statements provide information about the cash balances and activities of theses functions. These statements are separate from, and therefore are are excluded from the City's financial statements.

Together, these statements are called the basic financial statements.

Citywide Financial Statements

- Governmental activities: All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, streets and highways, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative and fiscal services. These services are supported by general City revenues such as taxes, and specific program revenues such as developer fees.
- Business-type Activities: The City's enterprise activities are reported in the water and sewer funds. These services are supported by consumption charges paid by users.
- Citywide financial statements are prepared using the full accrual basis.

Fund Financial Statements

· Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis, recognizing

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revenues when "measurable and available". Capital assets and long-term assets and liabilities are presented in the citywide financial statements only.

- The fund financial statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds called major funds. The concept of major funds, and the determination of which funds are major funds, was established by GASB Statement 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them in total. Instead, each major fund is presented individually, with all non-major funds summarized and totaled in a single column. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the year. The general fund is always a major fund, but other funds may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities.
- The City has four major funds in 2007; including the General Fund, CDBG, DWR Infrastructure Project, and DHS Infiltration Gallery.

Fiduciary Financial Statements

The City is the agent for certain community activities for which it collects and disperses cash, and maintains separate cash accounts. These fiduciary activities are reported in the separate statement of fiduciary net assets. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot utilize them to finance its own operations.

Statement of Activities

Table 1 Summary Net Revenue & Change in Net Assets Fiscal Year 2006-2007

	Governme	ental Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007		
Net revenue Total general revenue	\$ 3,521,368	\$ 1,115,253	\$ 169,924	\$ 261,123	\$ 3,691,292	\$ 1,376,376		
and transfers Beginning net assets	(5,673,425 3,466,582	, , , , ,	6,105,180 1,754,039	1,870,639 8,029,143	431,755 5,220,621	453,676 9,343,668		
Ending net assets	1,314,525	1,012,815	8,029,143	10,160,905	9,343,668	11,173,720		
Change in net assets	\$ <u>(2,152,057</u>	<u>'</u>) \$ <u>(301,710)</u>	\$ <u>6,275,104</u>	\$ <u>2,131,762</u>	\$ <u>4,123,047</u>	\$ <u>1,830,052</u>		

The City's total net assets increased by \$1,830,052, or 20% over the 2005-2006 Fiscal Year.

Net assets owned by the City's business-type activities have increased by \$2,131,762 in comparison to the prior year. Additions are attributable to a combination of continued cost saving measures and increased revenues from grant awards.

Governmental activities experienced a \$301,710 decrease in net assets. The decrease is the result of the transfer of the expenditures related to the DWR Infrastructure and DHS Infiltration Gallery projects to the business-type activities.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Table 2
Primary Government Sources of Revenue
Fiscal Year 2006-2007
Prior Year Comparison

		Revenue 2006		Revenue 2007		Variance	% Change
Governmental Activities							
General government	\$	369,894	\$	985,106	\$	615,212	166 %
Public safety		107,854		123,355		15,501	14 %
Highways and streets		38,949		34,657		(4,292)	(11)%
Housing and community							
development		982,002		213,433		(768, 569)	(78)%
Public services		3,911,388		1,861,877		(2,049,511)	(52)%
Taxes		376,336		373,407		(2,929)	(1)%
Interest and use of property		45,733		78,386		32,653	71 %
Miscellaneous		9,686		-		(9,686)	(100)%
Transfers		(6,105,180)		(1,868,756)		4,236,424	(69)%
Business-type Activities							
Sewer		536,988		599,960		62,972	12 %
Water		650,521		619,478		(31,043)	(5)%
Interest and use of property		_		1,883		1,883	- %
Transfers		6,105,180	_	1,868,756	_	(4,236,424)	<u>(69</u>)%
Total Revenue	\$_	7,029,351	\$_	4,891,542	\$_	(2,137,809)	(30)%

As the statement of activity shows, the three primary revenue sources for the 2007 year are charges for services (47%), capital grants (37%), and taxes (8%).

This year dramatic variances are wide spread and are the result of several changes that occurred throughout the year. General government experienced a striking 166% increase in revenue due to the City's exploration of a Scotia annexation proposal. As a result of an agreement with the Pacific Lumber Company, the City independently hired several consulting firms to analyze the annexation proposal, and were subsequently reimbursed by Palco. The result is a dramatic increase in both revenues and expenditures for the year.

Transfers out of governmental activities and into business type activities created significant variances. For accounting purposes, governmental activity project funds were created for both the water infrastructure and water infiltration gallery and tank projects. At the end of the accounting cycle (fiscal year) the expenses and assets were transferred from the governmental activity funds into the appropriate business- type activity fund.

The variances for housing and community development and public services are the result of reduced project activity and corresponding grant income. The City's Community Development Block Grant Housing Rehabilitation Program had reduced activity during the 2006-2007 year causing a reduction in grant revenue received.

Interest income rose by 71% as a result of additional investments into the State's Local Agency Investment Fund. Additional sewer fund revenues in the amount of \$62,972 are the result of State Water Resources Control Board Small Communities Grant program funds which were received during the year for the development of a sewer facility and effluent disposal plan. Public services funding experienced an increase due to additional state allocations for the year. Miscellaneous revenue decreased by 100% in comparison to the prior year due to the elimination of the classification. Throughout the year all revenues were coded to specific line items eliminating the use of the miscellaneous term.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Table 3 Primary Government Activity Expenses Fiscal Year 2006-2007 Prior Year Comparison

		Expenses 2006		Expenses 2007		Variance	% Change
Governmental Activities							
General government	\$	777,311	\$	1,430,150	\$	652,839	84 %
Public safety		151,347		219,033		67,686	45 %
Highways and streets Housing and community		110,220		73,264		(36,956)	(34)%
development		837,334		297,833		(539,501)	(64)%
Public services		12,507		82,895		70,388	563 %
Business-type Activities							
Sewer		433,007		390,765		(42,242)	(10)%
Water	_	584,578	_	567,550	_	(17,028)	(3)%
Total Expenses	\$ _	2,906,304	\$_	3,061,490	\$_	155,186	<u> </u>

During the 2006-2007 year, citywide expenses increased by 5%. Although the overall increase was negligible, many of the activity categories experienced dramatic increases or decreases as a result of activity level changes.

General Government experienced nearly an 84% increase during the year as a result of the Rio Dell/Scotia annexation proposal analysis. The City reached a reimbursement agreement with Palco that allowed the City to hire several professional consultants to assist in the analysis process. The result is a dramatic increase in general government expenses balanced by an increase in revenue.

Public safety experienced an increase of 45%, or \$67,686. The increase is fully attributable to the final payment made on a lawsuit settled in 1992. Public safety experienced marked spending cutbacks that enabled the City to reduce the impact to the recorded 45%.

Housing and community development spending decreased by a dramatic 563% over the year due to a decrease in Community Development Block Grant program activity. The City's housing rehabilitation program experienced a decline in loans issued therefore reducing expenses. Due to the dramatic decline, the City executed several outreach campaigns during the last quarter of the 06-07 year. The response was overwhelming and figures for next year are expected to document significant increases.

During the 2006-2007 year, highways and streets activity spending experienced a 34% reduction. The \$36,956 decrease can be attributed to the reduction of severe winter weather conditions and corresponding street damage. The prior year was particularly hazardous in which the region experienced several severe winter storms and incurred significant damage.

The sewer enterprise fund also experienced a decline in its already reduced spending levels. As a result of the continued deficit, sewer spending was substantially reduced by 10%. However, continued spending reductions have taken their toll and necessary improvements to the aging system have been deferred. During the third quarter of the 06-07 year the Council, with the support of their citizens, increased the sewer rates to enable both deficit elimination and necessary capital improvements. As a result, spending levels for the 2007-2008 year are expected to be significantly higher in comparison.

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Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1.68 million, a \$263 thousand increase in comparison to the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance decreased by 9% from the prior year with an ending fund balance of \$579,148. Throughout the year several old deficit project funds were closed into the general fund as a part of the balance sheet restoration effort performed by City staff. In recent years the General Fund has seen substantial increases derived from the increased assessed property values in relation to property tax, and increased building activity resulting from the housing boom. However years of deferred maintenance coupled with the now declining housing market will have an increased negative impact on the General Fund and the activities it supports in the years to come. Throughout the next year general fund revenue diversification strategies will likely be an important topic.

The Community Development Block Grant Fund experienced a significant increase of 40% with an ending fund balance of \$924,654. This year's increase is the result of the City collecting on notes receivable issued through the City's housing rehabilitation program. Although the City has not yet allocated the funds collected, they will likely be utilized to extend the CDBG 3rd and 4th Street paving project to be completed during the next fiscal year.

The DWR infrastructure project has incurred a deficit of (\$119,044) down from a zero balance the prior year. Many factors contributed to the decline such as potential reimbursements from developers partnered on the project, as well as project change orders and cost overruns. The project is scheduled to be completed during the fiscal year 2007-2008 at which time a final reconciliation and conclusion will be determined.

The DHS infiltration gallery project fund balance has increased from zero to \$168,653. During the year the City increased the projects financing to allow for cost overruns associated with its construction. The increase in the balance is associated with the increased funding and will likely be utilized and closed out during the next fiscal year.

Other governmental funds increased by 8% with an ending fund balance of \$127,180 at June 30, 2007. The other governmental funds experienced significant activity during the year as several old funds, many of them with deficits, were closed out.

Financial Analysis of the Proprietary Funds

Table 4 Sewer Fund Analysis Fiscal Year 2006-2007 Prior Year Comparison

		Sewer Fund								
		2006		2007		Variance	% Change			
Total current assets Total long-term assets Total Assets	\$ 	171,650 659,645 831,295	\$ 	196,344 734,767 931,111	\$ 	24,694 75,122 99,816	14 % 11 % 12 %			
Total current liabilities Total long-term liabilities Total Liabilities	_	259,537 260,000 519,537	_	163,478 246,170 409,648	_	(96,059) (13,830) (109,889)	(37)% (5)% (21)%			
Total Net Assets	\$	311,758	\$	521,463	\$	209,705	<u>67</u> %			

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

During the 2006-2007 year the sewer fund improved its financial position significantly. Of the accomplishments are current assets up 14% compared to the prior year, and long-term Assets up 11% as a result of continued infrastructure investments. The City's small community wastewater grant award has provided the City with the funds to develop its wastewater facility and sewer effluent plans. The endeavor has translated into an increase in the fund's assets.

Current liabilities have decreased by a staggering 37% as a result of decreased spending and deficit reduction. In addition, long-term liabilities have decreased by 5% as the City continues to pay down outstanding debt.

Total net assets have increased by an astounding 67% as a result of deficit reduction and infrastructure investments. During the fourth quarter of the 06-07 year, new sewer rates were adopted effective July 1, 2007. Continued financial improvements are expected for next year.

Table 5
Water Fund Analysis
Fiscal Year 2006-2007
Prior Year Comparison

				Water F	und		
	_	2006	_	2007	_	Variance	% Change
Total current assets Total long-term assets Total Assets	\$	561,106 7,394,651 7,955,757	\$ 	632,484 9,244,660 9,877,144	\$ 	71,378 1,850,009 1,921,387	13 % 25 % 24 %
Total current liabilities Total long-term liabilities Total Liabilities	_	75,867 162,505 238,372	_	86,863 150,839 237,702	=	10,996 (11,666) (670)	14 % (7)% %
Total Net Assets	\$_	7,717,385	\$_	9,639,442	\$_	1,922,057	<u>25</u> %

In comparison to the prior year, water fund net assets have increased in total by 25%. Current assets have increased by 13% as a result of rate increases and continued efficiencies resulting from infrastructure investments. Long-term assets have increased by 25% during the year, also as a result of continued infrastructure investments.

The water fund continues to improve its financial position as a result of a rate increase in 2005 and with continued infrastructure investments. Over the next year, investments in infrastructure will continue, however net assets may be reduced if the City experiences capital project overruns at the close of the water infrastructure and water infiltration gallery projects.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, general fund revenues exceeded initial estimates by 21% as a result of increased property taxes resulting from increased assessed property values, as well as increased activity in the City, documented by sales and occupancy taxes, and increased licenses and permits. Franchise fees were also increased as corresponding rates were adjusted.

Expenditures were 28% less than budgeted, resulting in excess revenue in the amount of \$97,672.

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However, as a result of the closure of several outdated project funds, many of them with deficit balances, net transfers totaled (\$157,996) and resulted in a decrease in fund balance of \$60,324. The general fund balance as of June 30, 2007 was \$579,148.

Capital Assets

Table 6 Capital Assets Fiscal Year 2006-2007 Prior Year Comparison

	Ca	pital Assets 2006	Ca	apital Assets 2007		Variance	% Change
Governmental Activities (Less accumulated depreciation) Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Equipment Vehicles Streets and roads Infrastructure	\$	121,288 18,274 462,766 139,126	\$	378,885 78,778 - 62,265 34,418 452,920 155,749	\$	378,885 78,778 - (59,023) 16,144 (9,846) 16,623	- % - % - % (49)% 88 % (2)% <u>12</u> %
Total	\$_	741,454	\$_	1,163,015	\$_	421,561	<u>57</u> %
Business-type Activities (Less accumulated depreciation) Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Equipment Vehicles Infrastructure	\$	252,715 6,779,630 53,362 457,496 13,750 273,663	\$	252,715 8,874,025 49,059 293,402 9,036 261,190	\$	2,094,395 (4,303) (164,094) (4,714) (12,473)	- % 31 % (8)% (36)% (34)% (<u>5</u>)%
Total	\$_	7,830,616	\$_	12,065,457	\$_	2,751,933	35 %

The City experienced several changes within its capital assets over the 2006-2007 fiscal-year:

Governmental Activities:

- In continued response to GASB 34, land values in the amount of \$378,885 were added to the governmental activities balance sheet.
- The police department purchased an alternative patrol vehicle.
- The planning phase of sewer facilities and effluent planning began adding to governmental activities construction in progress.
- \$20,000 in street drainage improvements were completed on Northern Wildwood Ave.

Business-Type Activities:

- In continued response to GASB 34 land values in the amount of \$252,715 were added to the business-type activities balance sheet.
- Construction in progress increased by 31% from continued construction of infrastructure pipes and the infiltration gallery and tank.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Long-Term Liabilities

Table 7 Long-Term Liabilities Fiscal Year 2006-2007 Prior Year Comparison

		ong-Term Liabilities 2006		Long-Term Liabilities 2007		Variance	% Change
Governmental Activities DHS Infiltration Gallery Loan Compensated absences	\$	2,412,602 36,337	\$	2,720,000 16,301	\$	307,398 (20,036)	- % <u>(55</u>)%
Total	\$_	2,448,939	\$_	2,736,301	\$_	287,362	12 %
Business-type Activities FMHA Emergency Drought							
Relief Loan FMHA Sewer Assessment	\$	70,000	\$	66,000	\$	(4,000)	(6)%
Bonds		280,000		260,000		(20,000)	(7)%
State of California DWR Loan Compensated absences	_	113,900 9,430	_	96,496 18,755	_	(17,404) 9,325	(15)% 99 %
Total	\$_	473,330	\$_	441,251	\$_	(32,079)	<u>(7</u>)%

The City's governmental activity long-term liabilities increased by nearly 12% during the year. The City's water infiltration gallery project experienced significant cost overruns resulting in increased financing and long-term liabilities.

In comparison, the City's business-type activities long-term liabilities decreased by nearly 7% as a result of annual payments made. Although long-term liabilities decreased overall, compensated absences experienced a staggering 99% increase resulting in the redistribution of debt between the funds.

Significant Economic Factors and Next Years Budget and Rates

The housing market continues to decline, stifling building permits, assessed property values and corresponding property taxes, and also reducing the value of timber products and building materials which translates into a reduction of local jobs. The result:

- Potential stagnancy of property tax revenues.
- Potential reduction of building and planning permit revenue.
- · Potential reduction of business licenses issued.
- · Potential reduction of local consumer spending.
- Potential reduction of general fund revenue.

Sewer rates will increase effective July 1, 2007. The result:

- The sewer fund deficit should be reduced and eventually eliminated.
- Funds should be generated for capital improvements and purchases which should increase plant efficiencies and net assets.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Rio Dell Finance Department at 675 Wildwood Ave, Rio Dell, California 95562, (707)-764-3532, or finance1@riodellcity.com.

CITY OF RIO DELL STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

<u>ASSETS</u>	Governmenta Activities		Business-Type Activities			Totals
Cash and Investments (Note 2) Accounts and Grants Receivable Interest Receivable Prepaid Expenses Notes Receivable (Note 5) Assessments Receivable Capital Assets, net (Note 3) TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,145,460 798,323 8,389 31,069 917,209 - 1,163,015 4,063,465	\$	475,164 234,180 - 35,744 - 260,000 9,739,427 10,744,515	\$	1,620,624 1,032,503 8,389 66,813 917,209 260,000 10,902,442 14,807,980
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Customer Deposits (Note 2) Accrued Compensated Absences (Note 7) Due within one year Due in more than one year Long-Term Liabilities (Note 7) Due within one year Due in more than one year TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	297,300 17,049 - 1,956 14,345 - 2,720,000 3,050,650	_	120,350 22,009 2,250 16,505 41,992 380,504 583,610	_	417,650 17,049 22,009 4,206 30,850 41,992 3,100,504 3,634,260
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for redevelopment activities Unrestricted	_	(1,556,985) 1,830,164 739,636	_	9,358,923 - 801,982	_	7,801,938 1,830,164 1,541,618
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	1,012,815	\$	10,160,905	\$_	11,173,720

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

			Program Revenue	s) Revenue and 1 Net Assets	_
					Primary G	overnment	_
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Highways and streets Housing and community	\$ 1,430,150 219,033 73,264	\$ 985,106 23,287 6,914	\$ - 100,068 27,743	\$ - - -	\$ (445,044) (95,678) (38,607)	\$ - - -	\$ (445,044) (95,678) (38,607)
development Public Services	297,833 <u>82,895</u>	48,257 4,807	165,176 <u>23,451</u>	- 1,833,619	(84,400) <u>1,778,982</u>		(84,400) 1,778,982
Total government activities	2,103,175	1,068,371	316,438	1,833,619	1,115,253		1,115,253
Business-type activities: Sewer Water	390,765 567,550	599,960 619,478				209,195 51,928	209,195 51,928
Total business-type activities	958,315	1,219,438	_	_	_	261,123	261,123
Total primary government	\$ 3,061,490	\$ 2,287,809	\$ 316,438	\$ 1,833,619	\$ <u>1,115,253</u>	\$ 261,123	
	General reve	nues:					
	Taxes: Proper Sales Occupa Use Gas	ty			\$ 89,565 105,292 11,478 30 167,042 78,386 (1,868,756)	\$ - - - - 1,883 	\$ 89,565 105,292 11,478 30 167,042 80,269
	Total C	Seneral Revenues a	nd transfers		(1,416,963)	1,870,639	453,676
	Char	nge in Net Assets			(301,710)	2,131,762	1,830,052
	NET ASSETS	, JULY 1, 2006			935,640	8,029,143	<u>8,964,783</u>
	Prior Period	Restatement			378,885		378,885
	NET ASSETS	, RESTATED JULY	1, 2006		1,314,525	8,029,143	9,343,668
	NET ASSETS	, JUNE 30, 2007			\$ 1,012,815	\$ 10,160,905	\$ 11,173,720

BALANCE SHEET **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** JUNE 30, 2007

	Gen	eral Fund	CDBG		Inf	DWR- rastructure Project	DHS - Infiltration Gallery		Other Governmental Funds			Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>												
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Interest Receivable Prepaid Expenses Due From Other Funds Notes Receivable	\$	91,657 1,364 25,390 612,539	\$	660,715 - 2,451 - 312,230 917,209	\$	663,633	\$	131,695 43,033 3,921 - -	\$	353,050 - 653 5,679 -	\$	1,145,460 798,323 8,389 31,069 924,769 917,209
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	730,950	\$_	1,892,605	\$	663,633	\$	178,649	\$_	359,382	\$_	3,825,219
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Accrued Expenses Deferred Revenue	\$	134,753 - 17,049	\$	62,441 - - 905,510	\$	1,266 781,411 - -	\$	9,996 - - -	\$	88,844 143,358 - -	\$	297,300 924,769 17,049 905,510
TOTAL LIABILITIES		151,802	_	967,951	_	782,677	_	9,996	_	232,202	_	2,144,628
FUND BALANCES												
Fund balances, unreserved		579,148	_	924,654	_	(119,044)	_	168,653	_	127,180	_	1,680,591
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	730,950	\$_	1,892,605	\$_	663,633	\$	178,649	\$_	359,382	\$_	3,825,219

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

Fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	1,680,591
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$622,666		1,163,015
Revenues which are deferred on the Fund Balance Sheets because they are not available currently are taken into revenue in the Statement of Activities		905,510
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds Note Payable Compensated Absences	_	(2,720,000) (16,301)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$_	1,012,815

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	General Fund	ĺ	CDBG	DWR- Infrastructure Project	DHS - e Infiltration Gallery	Other Governmental Funds		Totals
REVENUES	<u> </u>		0000	1.0,000			_	rotaio
Taxes Property Sales	\$ 89,565 105,292		-	\$	- \$ -	- \$ - 	\$	89,565 105,292
Occupancy	11,478	3	-		-			11,478
Use	30)	-		-			30
Gas Charges for Services	•	•	-		-	- 167,042 - 2,491		167,042 2,491
Intergovernmental	8.867	,	485.628	692,33	- 1 1,038,018			2,491
Licenses, permits, and franchise fees	1,055,223		-	002,00	-	- 10,657		1,065,880
Interest and use of property	74,773		<u>(961</u>)		3,92		_	78,386
Total Revenues	1,345,228	<u> </u>	484,667	692,33	1,041,93	9 426,185	_	3,990,350
EXPENDITURES								
Current Operations	4 047 000		40.000			070 507		1 514 140
General Government Public Safety	1,217,686 130		19,896		-	- 276,567 - 203,461		1,514,149 203,591
Highways and Streets	288		- 691		-	- 203,401		61,038
Housing and Community Development	200		208,137		-	- 78,521		286,658
Public Services		-	-		-	- 19,183		19,183
Capital Outlay	29,452	· _	16,891		<u> </u>	34,925	_	81,268
Total Expenditures	1,247,556	<u>i</u> _	245,615		<u> </u>	- 672,716	_	2,165,887
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	97,672	<u> </u>	239,052	692,33	1 1,041,93	9 (246,531)	· <u>-</u>	1,824,463
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt		-	-		- 307,398			307,398
Operating Transfers In	135,748		26,540		-	- 390,507		552,795
Operating Transfers Out	(293,744) _	(882)	(811,37	<u>(1,180,68</u>	<u>(134,866)</u>	_	(2,421,551)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(157,996	<u> </u>	25,658	(811,37	5) (873,280	<u>255,641</u>	_	(1,561,358)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(60,324) _	264,710	(119,04	<u>168,65</u>	9,110	_	263,105
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2006	639,472	<u>-</u>	659,944		<u> </u>	118,070	_	1,417,486
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2007	\$ 579,148	\$_	924,654	\$ (119,04	<u>4</u>) \$ <u>168,65</u> 3	3 \$ <u>127,180</u>	\$_	1,680,591

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Reconciliation of the change in fund balances - total governmental funds to the change in net assets of governmental activities:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	263,105
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation as expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:		400.000
Capital asset purchases Depreciation expense		126,368 (83,692)
Governmental funds report issuance of debt as revenue while governmental activities report the debt as a liability on the statement of net assets:		
Issuance of Long-Term Liabilities		(307,398)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Change in deferred revenue Compensated absences		(320,129) 20.036
·	-	
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	(301,710)

STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Sewer Fund		Totals		
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts and Grants Receivable Prepaid Expenses Due From Other Funds Assessments Receivable, Current Portion	\$ - 162,982 13,362 - 20,000	\$ 475,164 71,198 22,382 63,740	\$ 475,164 234,180 35,744 63,740 20,000		
Total Current Assets	196,344	632,484	828,828		
Long-Term Assets Assessments Receivable, Net of Current Portion	240,000		240,000		
Capital Assets Construction in Progress Land Infrastructure Machinery, Vehicles & Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation Capital Assets, net	161,244 252,715 290,992 13,750 (223,934) 494,767	8,726,531 129,100 379,774 612,626 (603,371) 9,244,660	8,887,775 381,815 670,766 626,376 (827,305) 9,739,427		
Total Long-Term Assets	734,767	9,244,660	9,979,427		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 931,111	\$ 9,877,144	\$ 10,808,255		
LIABILITIES	Ψ <u> </u>	Ψ	10,000,200		
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Customer Deposits Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities	78,281 63,740 616 20,841	42,069 - 21,393 23,401	120,350 63,740 22,009 44,242		
Total Current Liabilities	163,478	86,863	250,341		
Long-Term Liabilities Accrued Compensated Absences Notes and Bonds Payable	6,170 240,000	10,335 140,504	16,505 380,504		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	246,170	150,839	397,009		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	409,648	237,702	647,350		
NET ASSETS					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted	254,767 266,696	9,104,156 535,286	9,358,923 801,982		
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ <u>521,463</u>	\$ 9,639,442	\$ 10,160,905		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ <u>931,111</u>	\$ 9,877,144	\$ 10,808,255		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	s	Sewer Fund Water Fund		Totals		
OPERATING REVENUES						
Sale of Water Service Fees Grant Revenue Connection Fees Late Fees Other Revenue	\$	501,894 71,258 6,197 20,611	\$	573,838 665 - 17,830 23,196 3,949	\$ _	573,838 502,559 71,258 24,027 23,196 24,560
Total Operating Revenues	_	599,960		619,478	_	1,219,438
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel Insurance Utilities Maintenance and Operations Depreciation		155,169 7,766 35,900 132,746 43,534	_	220,833 10,105 53,812 135,234 142,050	_	376,002 17,871 89,712 267,980 185,584
Total Operating Expenses	_	375,115	_	562,034	_	937,149
Operating Income/(Loss)	_	224,845		57,444	_	282,289
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Transfers in Transfers out Interest income Interest expense		510 (15,650)		1,992,059 (123,303) 1,373 (5,516)	_	1,992,059 (123,303) 1,883 (21,166)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	_	(15,140)	_	1,864,613	_	1,849,473
Change in Net Assets	_	209,705		1,922,057	_	2,131,762
NET ASSETS, JULY 1, 2006	_	311,758		7,717,385	_	8,029,143
NET ASSETS, JUNE 30, 2007	\$	521,463	\$	9,639,442	\$_	10,160,905

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Business-type Activities					
		Sewer	_	Water		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash received from customers Cash received from governments Cash deposits (refunded) received Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$	480,709 71,258 281 (262,394) (152,108)	\$	797,681 - 246 (207,309) (214,569)	\$	1,278,390 71,258 527 (469,703) (366,677)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		137,746	_	376,049	_	513,795
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Cash paid to other funds			_	(187,043)	_	(187,043)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition of fixed assets Principal paid on debt Interest payments on debt Transfers in from other funds	_	(102,606) (20,000) (15,650)	_	(1,992,059) (21,404) (5,516) 1,992,059		(2,094,665) (41,404) (21,166) 1,992,059
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	(138,256)	_	(26,920)	_	(165,176)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest on cash and investments		510	_	1,373	_	1,883
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		510	_	1,373	_	1,883
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents			_	163,459	_	163,459
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS JULY 1, 2006		<u>-</u>	_	311,705	_	311,705
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS JUNE 30, 2007	\$	_	\$_	475,164	\$_	475,164

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

		Sewer		Water	_	Totals
Operating Income	\$	224,845	\$	57,444	\$	282,289
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		43,534		142,050		185,584
Changes in assets and liabilities						
(Increase) Decrease in accounts and grants receivable		(27,382)		(9,273)		(36,655)
(Increase) Decrease in prepaid expenses		(13,362)		(22,382)		(35,744)
(Increase) Decrease in due from other funds				187,476		187,476
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses		33,566		20,488		54,054
Increase (Decrease) in deposits payable		281		246		527
Increase (Decrease) in due to other funds	_	(123,736)	_		_	(123,736)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	137,746	\$	376,049	\$_	513,795

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

		Agency Funds			
ASSETS					
Current Assets Cash (Note 2) Interest Receivable	\$ \$	3,666 <u>7</u>			
Total Assets	\$	3,673			
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities Deposits in Trust		3,673			
Total Liabilities	\$	3,673			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Reporting Entity

The City of Rio Dell was incorporated under the laws of the State of California on February 26, 1965. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and is governed by five elected city council members. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police), streets and highways, public improvements, land use, building and housing standards, utilities (water and sewer), and administrative and fiscal services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with general accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Although the City has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the City has chosen not to do so. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

The accounting methods and procedures adopted by the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to government entities. These financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable under the criteria set by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14. No component units were determined to exist and therefore are not included in this financial statement.

The accounting methods and procedures adopted by the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to government entities. Included within the reporting entity is the City of Rio Dell. Excluded from the reporting entity are several other governmental agencies, including the County of Humboldt, the Rio Dell Elementary School District and the Rio Dell Fire Protection District, which provide services in the City of Rio Dell.

Joint Powers Authorities

Also excluded from the reporting entity were the following joint powers authorities in which the City of Rio Dell participates:

Humboldt Transit Authority

Humboldt Transit Authority (HTA) was created as a separate legal entity by a joint powers agreement between Humboldt County and the Cities of Fortuna, Eureka, Arcata, Trinidad, and Rio Dell. The governing board consists of a city council member and an alternate member appointed from each participating city, as well as two board members and up to two alternate members appointed by the Humboldt County Board of Supervisors. HTA is responsible for adopting its own budget and has the power to incur debts, liabilities, or other obligations. On commencement of operations of HTA, the County contributed 50 percent of the initial equity, and the participating cities jointly contributed 50 percent based upon population data. The participants do not have an ongoing equity interest in HTA. However, the participants do share operating costs of HTA, and the current share of the City of Rio Dell is 2.8 percent. At termination of the agreement, all surplus monies will be returned to the participants in proportion to the amounts received and property shall be divided in a manner agreed upon by the parties. During the year ended June 30, 2007, the City's share of operating cost was \$26,091 to operate the Redwood Transit System. Complete financial statements for Humboldt Transit Authority may be obtained at the offices of the Authority at 133 V Street, Eureka, California 95501.

Hazardous Materials Response Authority

Hazardous Materials Response Authority (HMRA) was created as a separate legal entity by a joint powers agreement between the County of Humboldt, the County of Del Norte, and Cities of Eureka, Crescent City, Arcata, Blue Lake, Fortuna, Trinidad, and Rio Dell. (The City of Ferndale withdrew from the agreement during 1994-1995). The purpose of this joint venture is to pool resources of the participants to provide a united, coordinated, orderly,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

positive, and more effective means of aiding and assisting in the formulation, administration, implementation and maintenance of an area-wide hazardous materials response team.

HMRA is governed by a board of directors comprised of one member and an alternate appointed by each participant. It adopts its own budget and has the powers to incur debts, liabilities, or obligations. The City of Eureka is responsible for directing the operations of Hazardous Materials Response Teams and for the accounting of HMRA, and in return HMRA reimburses the City of Eureka for the costs of operation and accounting services. On commencements of HMRA, the participants agreed to contribute a proportionate share of the cost of operations based on population. The participants do not have an ongoing equity interest in HMRA. However, the participants do share the operating costs on HMRA, and the current share of the City of Rio Dell is 1.9 percent, based on population. At termination of the agreement, all surplus monies will be returned to the participants in proportion of the amounts received by HMRA; property shall be divided in a manner agreed upon by the participants. Complete financial statements of HMRA are on file at the offices of the City of Eureka at 531 K Street, Eureka, California 95501.

Redwood Region Economic Development Commission

Redwood Region Economic Development Commission (RREDC) was established on November 1, 1977, under a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement among the nineteen public agencies within Humboldt County, including the City of Rio Dell. RREDC is a separate public entity created to aid, assist, and coordinate the formulation, administration, and the implementation of the Economic Development Action Plan and Strategy for Humboldt County, and to assist in the implementation of economic development projects and programs to improve the quality of life in the area. RREDC is governed by one member and an alternate appointed by each participant. Complete financial statements for RREDC are on file at the offices of RREDC at 520 E Street, Eureka, California 95001.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The City's police, recreation, and general and administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City's sewer and water services are classified as business-type activities.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. The City's net assets are reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (police, public works, etc.) or a business type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Nonmajor funds are combined in a single column in the fund financial statements.

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>CDBG</u> - The CDBG Fund is used to account for the transactions involving the Community Development Block Grant funding.

<u>DWR Infrastructure Project</u> - The DWR - Infrastructure Project Fund is used to account for the water infrastructure project undertaken by the City using funds provided by the Department of Water Resources.

<u>DHS Infiltration Gallery</u> - The DHS Infiltration Gallery Fund is used to account for revenue and expenditures related to funding from the State's Department of Health Services for the City's Water Infiltration Gallery Project.

The City reported the following major proprietary funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Sewer</u> - The Sewer fund is used to account for the operation and maintenane of the City's wastewater collection system and treatment facility.

 $\underline{\text{Water}}$ - The Water fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's water distribution system.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2007

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Fiduciary Funds (not included in government-wide statements)

<u>Agency Fund</u> - Agency Funds are clearing type funds for the collection of taxes or deposits held in trust, on behalf of individuals, private organizations and other governments. The funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All Governmental Funds are accounted for using a "current financial resources" measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available expendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available expendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. All Proprietary Funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with the operation of these funds are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.
- c. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City defines available to be within 60 days of year-end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Proceeds from governmental long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

D. Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as cash and investments.

Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly to the various funds based on monthend balances and is adjusted at fiscal year-end.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less and pooled cash when purchased to be cash equivalents.

E. Inventory

The City does not record an inventory of expendable supplies. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Any amounts on hand at June 30, 2007 are not material.

F. Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Receivables are recorded in the financial statements net of any allowance for doubtful accounts. Any doubtful accounts at June 30, 2007, were not considered material. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants, police fines and other fees. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Any doubtful accounts at June 30, 2007, were not considered material.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Fixed Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets with a historical cost over \$5,000 are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

30 years
30 years
7 years
7 years
50 years
50 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

H. Accumulated Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accrue earned but unused vacation and sick leave, which will be paid to employees upon separation from City services. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. In governmental funds, the cost of vacation and sick leave is recognized when payments are made to employees, while proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred.

I. Long Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term liabilities, and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Initial issue bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The difference between the reacquisition price of refunding bonds and the net carrying amount of refunded debt (deferred amount on refunding) is amortized over the shorter of the lives of the refunding debt or remaining life of the refunded debt. Bond issuance costs, including deferred refunding amounts and underwriters' discounts, are reported as deferred bond issuance costs. Amortization of bond premiums or discounts, issuance costs, and deferred amounts on refunding is included in interest expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs during the period issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

CITY OF RIO DELL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Interfund Transactions

Following is a description of the four basic types of interfund transactions made during the year and the related accounting policies:

- 1. <u>Interfund services provided and used</u> transactions for services rendered or facilities provided. These transactions are recorded as revenues in the receiving fund and expenditures in the disbursing fund.
- 2. <u>Reimbursements (expenditure transfers)</u> transactions to reimburse a fund for specific expenditures incurred for the benefit of another fund. These transactions are recorded as expenditures in the disbursing fund and a reduction of expenditures in the receiving fund.
- 3. Operating Transfers all other interfund transactions which allocate resources from one fund to another fund. These transactions are recorded as operating transfers in and out.

K. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints place on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Property Tax Revenues

The lien date for secured property taxes is March 1 of each year. Taxes are levied as of July 1 on all secured real property and are due and payable on November 1 and February 1 of the following fiscal year. Humboldt County is responsible for assessing, collecting, and distributing property taxes in accordance with enabling legislation.

Since the passage of California Proposition 13, beginning with fiscal year 1978-79, taxes are based either on a 1% rate applied to the 1975-76 assessed value of the property, or on 1% of the sales price of the property on sales transactions and construction which occur after the 1975-76 assessment. Assessed values on properties (exclusive of increases related to sales transactions and improvements) can rise at a maximum of 2% per year. The amount collected by the County is distributed in accordance with State law to the various public agencies. Therefore, the City does not levy a specific tax rate but receives a share of the property tax revenue based on a State formula. The City's tax rate is \$1.00/\$100 of assessed value, the maximum allowable under Proposition 13.

During fiscal year 1993-94, the State passed legislation which permanently shifted an additional amount of property taxes from cities to schools. This amount was partially offset by one-time payments by the State to cities from the State "Transportation Planning and Development" amount. Also during 1993-94, an alternate method of property tax allocation (the "Teeter Plan") was adopted. Under this plan, the City receives 100 percent of the secured property tax levied to which it is entitled, whether or not collected. Unsecured delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible and no allowance for uncollectible taxes is provided. Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. "Available" means due, or past due, and receivable within the current period and collected or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities for the current period. This period is 60 days from the end of the fiscal year.

M. Grant Revenues

Certain grant revenues are recognized when specific related expenditures have been incurred. In other grant programs, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are only revocable for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These revenues are recognized at the time of receipt, or earlier if susceptible to accrual criteria is met.

N. Operating Revenues

Operating revenues for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing or investing activities.

O. Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund expenditures are classified by character, proprietary fund expenditures are classified by operating and non-operating.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

P. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

CITY OF RIO DELL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2007 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities Business-type activities Fiduciary activities	\$	1,145,460 475,164 3,666
Total cash and investments	\$	1,624,290
Cash and investments are carried at fair value as of June 30, 2007 and consist of the	e following:	
Cash in investment pools Deposits with financial institutions Cash on hand	\$	1,433,974 189,916 400

1,624,290

Authorized Investments of the City

Total cash and investments

The City does not have a formal investment policy but elects to follow the general provisions of the California Government Code. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by the general provisions of the California Government Code. This table does not address investments of debt issuances held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in one Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper (Minimum rating of "A" or higher)	270 days	25%	10%
Medium-term Corporate Notes (Minimum rating of "AA" or higher)	5 years	30%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit issued in California	5 years	30%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Insured savings account or money market account	N/A	None	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%

CITY OF RIO DELL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Disclosure Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City's interest rate risk is mitigated is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity as of June 30, 2007:

		Remaining Maturity				
	12 months or less	1-5 years	Fair Value			
Cash in investment pools	\$ <u>1,433,974</u>	\$	\$1,433,974			
	\$ <u>1,433,974</u>	\$	\$ <u>1,433,974</u>			

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City has no investments (including investments held by bond trustees) that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the fiscal year for each investment type.

		Minimum Legal	Rating as of Fiscal Year End		
	 Total	Rating	S&P	Moody's	N/A
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	\$ 1,433,974	N/A			Not rated

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City complies with the limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer as stipulated by the California Government Code. The City holds no investments in any one issuer (other than external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investment.

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$189,916 and bank balances were \$189,036, of which \$100,000 was insured.

Investment in State and County Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in these pools are reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

Reverse Repurchase Agreements

State statutes permit the City to enter into reverse repurchase agreements, that is, a sale of securities with a simultaneous agreement to repurchase them in the future at the same price plus a contract rate of interest. However, at no time during the fiscal year did the City borrow funds through the use of reverse repurchase agreements.

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance June 30, 2006	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments (Note 11)	Balance June 30, 2007
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land Construction-in-progress	\$ - \$	\$ - \$ 78,778	\$ - \$	\$ 378,885 \$	\$ 378,885 \$ 78,778
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	<u>78,778</u>		<u>378,885</u>	<u>457,663</u>
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements Equipment Vehicles Streets and roads Infrastructure	455,203 104,248 492,304 148,840	27,590 - 20,000	- - - -	79,833 - - - -	79,833 455,203 131,838 492,304 168,840
Total assets being depreciated	<u>1,200,595</u>	47,590		79,833	1,328,018
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings and improvements Equipment Vehicles Streets and roads Infrastructure	(333,915) (85,974) (29,538) (9,714)	(59,023) (11,446) (9,846) (3,377)	- - - -	(79,833) - - - -	(79,833) (392,938) (97,420) (39,384) (13,091)
Total accumulated depreciation	(459,141)	(83,692)		(79,833)	(622,666)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>741,454</u>	\$ <u>42,676</u>	\$	\$ 378,885	\$ <u>1,163,015</u>
Depreciation was charged to functions based	on their usage of	the related asse	ets as follows:		
Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Highways and streets Public Services		\$ 3,37 7,50 9,84 62,96	5 6		

83,692

Total governmental activities depreciation expense

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type activities:	Balance at June 30, 2006	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Balance at June 30, 2007
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land Construction in progress	\$ 252,715 6,779,360	\$ - 2,094,665	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 252,715 8,874,025
Total capital assets not being depreciated	7,032,075	2,094,665			9,126,740
Capital assets being depreciated					
Infrastructure Buildings and improvements Equipment Vehicles Total assets being depreciated	379,774 129,100 903,618 27,500 1,439,992	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	379,774 129,100 903,618 27,500 1,439,992
Less accumulated depreciation					
Infrastructure Buildings and improvements Equipment Vehicles	(106,111) (75,738) (446,122) (13,750)	(12,473) (4,303) (164,094) (4,714)	- - -	- - -	(118,584) (80,041) (610,216) (18,464)
Total accumulated depreciation	(641,721)	(185,584)			(827,305)
Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 7,830,346	\$ <u>1,909,081</u>	\$	\$	\$ 9,739,427

NOTE 4: RESTRICTED CASH

The City is legally and contractually required to maintain restricted cash balances for various grant projects, loans and other uses. Those restrictions are as follows:

CDBG Revolving Loan Fund and Program Income Reuse

The City has received Community Development Block Grants, most of which have been used for drainage projects and to provide housing rehabilitation loans to Rio Dell citizens. State and federal regulations require that a percentage of the repayment of the loans and income earned on those loans be retained and either loaned once again or used for other eligible CDBG activities. As of June 30, 2007, the City had \$660,715 in cash deposits set aside for this purpose.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 5: NOTES RECEIVABLE

The City has received a number of Community Development Block Grants, portions of which have been used for housing rehabilitation and economic development (small business) loans. The City has two basic types of housing rehabilitations loans: Deferred Rehabilitation Loans (DRL) and Full Assurance Loans (FAL).

The Deferred Rehabilitation Loans are non interest-bearing loans that are due and payable to the City when the property is either sold or title of the property is transferred. As of June 30, 2007, there was \$811,147 in outstanding DRL loans.

Full Assurance Loans bear interest from 1 to 5 percent, are generally amortized over 15 years, and require the borrowers to make monthly payments. As of June 30, 2007, there was \$106,062 in outstanding FAL loans.

The non-current balance of notes receivable has been offset in the financial statements by deferred revenue as it is not expected to be repaid within the current fiscal year.

NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions for the year ended June 30, 2007, were as follows:

Transfer from the DWR Infrastructure Fund to the General Fund for expenses related to the Water Infrastructure Project	\$ 811,375
Transfer from the DHS Infiltration Gallery Fund to the General Fund for expenses related to the Infiltration Gallery Project	1,180,684
Transfer from the General Fund to the Animal Control Fund to close the Animal Control Fund	42,418
Transfer from the General Fund to the CDBG Fund to close one of the CDBG Sub Funds	26,540
Transfer from the General Fund to the TEA 21 Fund to close the TEA 21 Fund	133,199
Transfer from the General Fund to the Rural Community Assistance Fund to close the Rural Community Assistance Fund	18,215
Transfer from the General Fund to the FEMA/OES Fund to close the FEMA/OES Fund	24,882
Transfer from the General Fund to the Street & Transportation Improvement Fund to close the Street & Transportation Improvement Fund	33,177
Transfer from the General Fund to the Clean Water Grant Match Fund to close the Clean Water Grant Match Fund	205
Transfer from the General Fund to the Clean Water Grant Well Fund to close the Clean Water Grant Well Fund	88
Transfer from the General Fund to the Weed Abatement Fund to close the Weed Abatement Fund	8,207
Transfer from the General Fund to the Code Enforcement Fund to close the Code Enforcement Fund	1,446
Transfer from the General Fund to the DWR Grant Fund to close the DWR Grant Fund	5,367
Transfer from the CDBG PTA Sub Fund to the General Fund to close the CDBG PTA Sub Fund	882

NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Total Interfund Transfers	\$_	2,544,854
Transfer from the Water Fund to the Water Feasibility Fund to close the Water Feasibility Fund	_	123,303
Transfer from the Transfer from the Water Pump Replacement Fund to the General Fund to close the Water Pump Replacement Fund	!	26,540
Transfer from the Prop 204 Fund to the General Fund to close the Prop 204 Fund		81,289
Transfer from the Drug Abuse Resistance Education Fund to the General Fund to close the Drug Abuse Resistance Education Fund		21,335
Transfer from the Peace Officer Standards and Training Fund to the General Fund to close the Peace Officer Standards and Training Fund		5,702

NOTE 7: LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions related to governmental activities of the City for the year ended June 30, 2007:

	J	Balance uly 1, 2006		Additions	Re	etirement		Balance June 30, 2007		Current Portion
DHS Infiltration Gallery Loan Compensated Absences	\$	2,412,602 36,337	\$ _	307,398	\$	- (20,036)	\$	2,720,000 16,301	\$_	- 1,956
Governmental Activities Long- Term Liabilities	\$_	2,448,939	\$ _	307,398	\$	(20,036)	\$ _	2,736,301	\$_	1,956

DHS Infiltration Gallery Loan

In August 2005, the City entered into a loan agreement with the California Department of Health Services, Drinking Water and Environmental Services Divsion, for a loan in an amount up to \$2,720,000. The proceeds from the loan are to be used to assist in financing construction of a project which will enable the City to meet safe drinking water standards established under the Health and Safety Code and California Code of Regulations. The non-interest bearing loan calls for 50 equal semiannual payments due in July and January of each year, beginning in July 2009. At June 30, 2007 the balance of the note was \$4,000.

NOTE 7: LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Based on the maximum balance of the loan the annual requirements to amortize the note are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Principal				
2010 2011 2012 2013 - 2017 2018 - 2022 2028 - 2032 2033 - 2035	\$ 108,800 108,800 544,000 544,000 544,000 326,400	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
Total	\$ 2,720,000	0				

Compensated absences

The liability for compensated absences is the accrued liability for earned but unused vacation which will be paid to employees upon separation from the City's service.

Business-type Activities

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions related to business-type activities of the City for the year ended June 30, 2007:

	_	Balance ly 1, 2006		Additions_	Re	eductions		Balance June 30, 2007	_	Current Portion
Notes payable:										
FMHA Emergency Drought Relief Loan FMHA Special Assessment Bonds State of California Department of	\$	70,000 280,000	\$	-	\$	(4,000) (20,000)	\$	66,000 260,000	\$	4,000 20,000
Water Resources		113,900	_		_	(17,404)	_	96,496	_	17,992
Total notes payable	_	463,900	_	<u>-</u>	_	(41,404)	_	422,496	_	41,992
Other liabilities:										
Compensated Absences	_	9,430	_	9,325	_	<u>-</u>	_	18,755	_	2,250
Business-type Activities Long-term Debt	\$_	473,330	\$_	9,325	\$ _	<u>(41,404</u>)	\$_	441,251	\$_	44,242

NOTE 7: LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Notes Payable:

FMHA Emergency Drought Relief Loan

On March 3, 1978, the City entered into a loan agreement with Farmer's Home Administration for a loan in the amount of \$129,100. The agreement calls for eighty semiannual payments of interest at 5 percent due in June and December of each year, and annual payments of principal that increase from \$1,000 per year at the beginning of the loan to \$5,000 in later years. Currently, the annual principal payments are at \$4,000. The loan matures in the year 2018.

The annual requirements to amortize the note are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		 nterest	Total		
2008 2009 2010	\$	4,000 5,000 5,000	\$ 3,100 2,850 2,600	\$	7,100 7,850 7,600	
2011 2012		5,000 6,000	2,350 2,050		7,350 8,050	
2013 - 2017 2018		33,000 8,000	 5,550 	_	38,550 8,000	
Total	\$	66,000	\$ 18,500	\$_	84,500	

FMHA Special Assessment Bonds

In November 1978, the City borrowed \$535,800 through the issuance of bonds to finance improvements to the City's sewage collection system. The terms of an agreement with FMHA require semiannual payments of interest at 5 percent and annual payments of principal that increase from \$10,000 in the early years of the agreement to \$30,000 in the later years. Currently, the principal payments are \$20,000. The bonds mature in 2018.

The annual requirements to amortize the note are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	<u></u>	Principal		Interest	Total		
2008	\$	20,000	\$	13,000	\$	33,000	
2009		20,000		12,000		32,000	
2010		20,000		11,000		31,000	
2011		20,000		10,000		30,000	
2012		20,000		9,000		29,000	
2013 - 2017		130,000		27,500		157,500	
2018		30,000		1,500		31,500	
Total	\$	260,000	\$	84,000	\$_	344,000	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 7: LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

State of California Department of Water Resources

On February 25, 1991, the City entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Department of Water Resources to finance improvements of the City's water system. Under this agreement, the City borrowed \$304,324 at an interest rate of 3.4 percent. The note is payable in forty semiannual payments of \$10,583 on April and October of each year for twenty years.

The annual requirements to amortize the note are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Pr	incipal	Interest	Total		
2008	\$	17,992 \$	3,174 \$	21,166		
2009		18,627	2,539	21,166		
2010		19,267	1,899	21,166		
2011		19,935	1,227	21,162		
2012		20,675	536	21,211		
Total	\$	96,496 \$	9,375 \$	105,871		

Compensated absences:

The liability for compensated absences is the accrued liability for earned but unused vacation which will be paid to employees upon separation from City service.

NOTE 8: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time, non-seasonal City employees, allows them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The City adopted a revised deferred compensation plan in August 1997. The assets of the retirement plan are held in a trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries and are not accessible by the government or its creditors. The participants or beneficiaries assume the risk of loss from declines in the value of plan assets. The plan is administered by an independent plan administrator, International City/County Managers' Association, through an administrative service agreement with the City.

Effective June 30, 1998, the City adopted GASB 32 which provides accounting and reporting guidance for deferred compensation plans under the revised provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under GASB 32, the assets and liabilities of the plan are not reported in the financial statements of the City.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the following contributions were made to the plan:

Direct contributions to employees' benefit	\$ 7,638
Deferred contributions from employees' compensation	51,933
Total	\$ 59,571

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is a member of the Small Cities Organized Risk Effort Joint Powers Authority (SCORE). SCORE provides insurance coverage for general liability, property, and workers' compensation claims under the terms of a joint-powers agreement with the City and several other governmental municipalities.

SCORE is insured up to \$500,000 per general liability and \$1,000,000 per property claim. and has purchased excess of loss insurance policies providing coverage above the self-insurance limit to a maximum of \$25,000,000. The City has a \$2,500 - \$50,000 deductible per claim for general liability, property and workers' compensation cases. When the deductible is met, the SCORE becomes responsible for payment of the excess claim.

Payment for insurance claims are recorded as expenditures in the funds in which the liabilities were incurred. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, if the third party administrator, SCORE, does not insure the loss occurrence then the City shall accrue a loss, if probably and reasonably estimable. As of June 30, 2007, the City has no uninsured occurrences. The City has not used an actuary in determining the liability reserve if needed. Because the actual claim liabilities depend on such complex factors and inflation and changes in legal doctrines and damage awards, the process used in computing claim liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims are evaluated periodically to take into account recently settled claims, the frequency of claims and other economic and social factors.

NOTE 10: CONTINGENCIES

The City has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowances under grant terms, any required reimbursements are not expected to be material.

NOTE 11: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The accompanying Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities as of June 30, 2007 have been restated. A prior period adjustment in the amount of \$378,885 has been added to net assets to recognize land and buildings owned by the City that had not previously been recognized on the Statement of Net Assets.



GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budget	ed Amounts	_	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<u>REVENUES</u>				
Taxes Property Sales Occupancy Use Intergovernmental Licenses, permits, and franchise fees Interest and use of property Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$ 79,620 92,338 9,200 45 911,918 16,000 4,865	92,338 9,200 45 911,919 16,000 4,865	\$ 89,565 105,292 11,478 30 8,867 1,055,223 74,773	\$ 9,945 12,954 2,278 (15) 8,867 143,304 58,773 (4,865)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Current operations: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Capital outlay	1,330,902 400,290 8,855	400,290	1,217,686 130 288 29,452	113,216 400,160 (288) (20,597)
Total Expenditures	1,740,047	1,740,047	1,247,556	492,491
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$(626,060	(626,060)	97,672	\$
Operating transfers in	,		135,748	(135,748)
Operating transfers out		·	(293,744)	293,744
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		·	(157,996)	157,996
Net Change in Fund Balance	(626,060	(626,060)	(60,324)	565,736
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2006			639,472	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2007			\$ 579,148	

CDBG FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final	Actua	ıl Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Interest and use of property	\$	625,091 3,000	\$	625,091 3,000	\$	485,628 (961)	\$	(139,463) (3,961)
Total Revenues		628,091		628,091		484,667		(143,424)
EXPENDITURES								
Current operations: General Government Highways and Streets Housing and Community Development Capital outlay		33,505 - 519,955	_	33,505 - 519,955 -		19,896 691 208,137 16,891		13,609 (691) 311,818 (16,891)
Total Expenditures		553,460	_	553,460		245,615	_	307,845
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		74,631	_	74,631		239,052	_	164,421
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		26,540 (882)	_	(26,540) 882
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			_	<u>-</u>		25,658	_	(25,658)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	74,631	\$	74,631		264,710	\$	(190,079)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2006						659,944		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2007					\$	924,654		

DWR INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgete	d Amounts	_	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$ 692,331	\$ (307,669)
Total Revenues	1,000,000	1,000,000	692,331	(307,669)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Current operations: General Government Capital outlay	517 1,026,670	517 1,026,670		517 1,026,670
Total Expenditures	1,027,187	1,027,187		1,027,187
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(27,187)	(27,187)	692,331	719,518
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating Transfers Out	=		(811,375)	(811,375)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$(27,187)	\$(27,187)	(119,044)	\$(91,857)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2006				
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2007			\$ <u>(119,044</u>)	

DHS INFILTRATION GALLERY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Budgeted Amounts			_			
		Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Taxes Intergovernmental Interest and use of property	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,038,018 3,921	\$	38,018 3,921
Total Revenues	_	1,000,000	_	1,000,000		1,041,939	_	41,939
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Current operations: General Government Capital outlay	_	1,075 1,207,550	_	1,075 1,207,550			_	1,075 1,207,550
Total Expenditures	_	1,208,625	_	1,208,625	_	<u>-</u>	_	1,208,625
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(208,625)	_	(208,625)	_	1,041,939	_	1,250,564
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt Operating Transfers Out	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		307,398 (1,180,684)	_	307,398 (1,180,684)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_		_	<u>-</u>		(873,286)	_	(873,286)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(208,625)	\$	(208,625)		168,653	\$	377,278
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2006								
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2007					\$	168,653		



<u>ASSETS</u>	Animal Control	Rural Community Assistance	Gas Tax
Cash and Investments Interest Receivable Prepaid Expenses Total Current Assets	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 165,662 298 3,674 169,634
TOTAL ASSETS <u>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>169,634</u>
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds TOTAL LIABILITIES			26,412
FUND BALANCES: Unreserved: Undesignated TOTAL FUND BALANCES	-	_	143,222 143,222
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	\$	\$ 169,634

<u>ASSETS</u>		TDA	Traf	ffic Safety		ISTEA
Cash and Investments Interest Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$	95,495 172 2,005	\$	15,835 29 <u>-</u>	\$	- - -
Total Current Assets		97,672		15,864		<u>-</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	97,672	\$	15,864	\$	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds		6,498 		- -	_	- 1,790
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,498		<u>-</u>		1,790
FUND BALANCES: Unreserved: Undesignated		91,174		15,864		(1,790)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	91,174		15,864	_	(1,790)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	97,672	\$	15,864	\$	_

<u>ASSETS</u>	Solid	d Waste	FEMA/OES	Special Law Enforcement Service
Cash and Investments Interest Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$	19,411 35	\$ - - -	\$ 21,110 38
Total Current Assets		19,446		21,148
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	19,446	\$	\$ 21,148
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds		14,493 <u>-</u>		518
TOTAL LIABILITIES		14,493		518
FUND BALANCES: Unreserved: Undesignated		4,953		20,630
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		4,953		20,630
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	19,446	\$	\$ 21,148

ASSETS	Local Law Enforcement Block Grant		Vehicle Abatement		Peace Officer Standards & Training
Cash and Investments Interest Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$	2,701 21 -	\$	9,166 17	\$ - - -
Total Current Assets		2,722	_	9,183	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,722	\$	9,183	\$
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds		- -		(1)	<u> </u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>-</u>	_	<u>(1</u>)	<u>=</u>
FUND BALANCES: Unreserved: Undesignated		2,722		9,184	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		2,722	_	9,184	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,722	\$	9,183	\$

<u>ASSETS</u>	Drug Abuse Resistance Education	Street & Transportation Improvement	California Law Enforcement Technology & Equipment Program
Cash and Investments Interest Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$ -	· \$ - · -	\$ 434 1
Total Current Assets		·	435
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	\$ <u> </u>	\$
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds		8,278 11,700	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		19,978	_
FUND BALANCES: Unreserved: Undesignated		(19,978)	435
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		(19,978)	435
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	- \$	\$435

<u>ASSETS</u>	Prop		Water Nell #6 F	Recycling
Cash and Investments Interest Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$	- \$ - -	- \$ - -	14,473 26
Total Current Assets				14,499
TOTAL ASSETS	\$		<u> </u>	14,499
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	346
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	346
FUND BALANCES: Unreserved: Undesignated		_	<u> </u>	14,153
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	14,153
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$		_ \$	14,499

	Weed Abatement	Code Enforcement	DWR Grant
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and Investments Interest Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$ 	- \$ 	\$ - - -
Total Current Assets			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u> </u>	- \$	\$ <u> </u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u> </u>	
FUND BALANCES: Unreserved: Undesignated		<u> </u>	_
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		:	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	- \$	\$

<u>ASSETS</u>	Winter Storm Damage		Water Pump Replacemen		TEA-21		
Cash and Investments Interest Receivable Prepaid Expenses Total Current Assets	\$	- - - -	\$	- \$ - 	- - -		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$		\$	<u> </u> \$ <u> </u>	<u>-</u>		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds		- 129,851		- <u>-</u> _	- -		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		129,851		<u> </u>	_		
FUND BALANCES: Unreserved: Undesignated		(129,851)		<u> </u>			
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		(129,851)		<u> </u>			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$		\$	_ \$_	-		

	Water Feasibility Study	Brownfield Grant EPA	Clean Water Grant Match
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and Investments Interest Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
Total Current Assets			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds		32,300 17	<u>.</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		32,317	
FUND BALANCES: Unreserved: Undesignated		(32,317)	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		(32,317)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	\$	\$

ASSETS	F	und 90	Tot	als
Cash and Investments Interest Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$ 	8,763 16	\$	353,050 653 5,679
Total Current Assets		8,779	;	<u>359,382</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,779	\$	359,382
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds		- -		88,844 143,358
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>-</u>	:	232,202
FUND BALANCES: Unreserved: Undesignated		8,779		127,180
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		8,779		127,180
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	8,779	\$	359,382

	Animal Control	Rural Community Assistance	Gas Tax
REVENUES			
Taxes Gas Charges for Services Intergovernmental Licenses, permits, and franchise fees Interest and use of property	\$ - 2,491 - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 67,007 27,743
Total Revenues	2,491		95,048
EXPENDITURES			
Current General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Housing and Community Development Public Services Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			42 60,039 - 20,067 80,148
	10.110	10.015	
Transfers In Transfers Out	42,418	18,215 	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	42,418	18,215	
Net Change in Fund Balance	44,909	18,215	14,900
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2006	(44,909)	(18,215)	128,322
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2007	\$	\$	\$ 143,222

		TDA	Traffic Safety	ISTEA
REVENUES				
Taxes Gas Charges for Services Intergovernmental Licenses, permits, and franchise fees Interest and use of property	\$	100,035 - - - 172	\$ - 1,101 	16,091
Total Revenues	_	100,207	1,130	16,091
EXPENDITURES				
Current General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Housing and Community Development Public Services Capital Outlay		120,245 - 20 - - 3,036	- - - - -	- - - - -
Total Expenditures	_	123,301		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(23,094)	1,130	16,091
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In Transfers Out		<u>-</u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(23,094)	1,130	16,091
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2006	_	114,268	14,734	(17,881)
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2007	\$	91,174	\$15,864	\$(1,790)

<u>REVENUES</u>	So	lid Waste	FEMA/OES		Special Law Enforcement Service
Taxes Gas Charges for Services Intergovernmental Licenses, permits, and franchise fees Interest and use of property	\$	4,668 35	\$	- \$ - -	100,069 - 38
Total Revenues		4,703			100,107
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Housing and Community Development Public Services Capital Outlay	_	592 - - - 19,183		-	199,760 - - - -
Total Expenditures		19,775		: .	199,760
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(15,072)		: .	(99,653)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In Transfers Out		- -	24,882	<u>?</u> 	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u>	24,882	<u>.</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(15,072)	24,882	2 .	(99,653)
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2006		20,025	(24,882	<u>2</u>) _	120,283
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2007	\$	4,953	\$	\$	20,630

REVENUES	Local Law Enforcement Block Grant		hicle ement	Peace Standa Trair	ards &
Taxes Gas Charges for Services Intergovernmental Licenses, permits, and franchise fees Interest and use of property Total Revenues	\$ (4,888 17 4,905	\$	1,918 - - - 1,918
EXPENDITURES			.,		.,
Current General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Housing and Community Development Public Services Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		- - - - - - -	2,827 - - - - 2,827 2,078		- - - - - -
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					_
Transfers In Transfers Out		- <u>-</u>	- -		- (5,702)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		(5,702)
Net Change in Fund Balance	2	0	2,078		(3,784)
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2006	2,70	2	7,106		3,784
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2007	\$ 2,72	2 \$	9,184	\$	_

<u>REVENUES</u>	Drug Abuse Resistance Education	Street & Transportation Improvement	California Law Enforcement Technology & Equipment Program
Taxes			
Gas	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for Services Intergovernmental	-	-	-
Licenses, permits, and franchise fees Interest and use of property			1
Total Revenues			1
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General Government Public Safety	-	62,400	- 874
Highways and Streets	-	-	-
Housing and Community Development Public Services	-	-	-
Capital Outlay		16,078	
Total Expenditures		78,478	874
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>-</u>	(78,478)	<u>(873</u>)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In Transfers Out	(21,335)	33,177	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(21,335)	33,177	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(21,335)	(45,301)	(873)
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2006	21,335	25,323	1,308
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2007	\$	\$ (19,978)	\$ 435

REVENUES	Prop 204	Clean Water Grant Well #6	Recycling
Taxes Gas Charges for Services Intergovernmental Licenses, permits, and franchise fees Interest and use of property	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - 23,451 - 26
Total Revenues			23,477
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>			
Current General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Housing and Community Development Public Services Capital Outlay	- - - - -	- - - - -	1,455 - - 7,783 - -
Total Expenditures			9,238
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		=	14,239
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In Transfers Out	(81,289)	88 	<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(81,289)	88	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(81,289)	88	14,239
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2006	81,289	(88)	(86)
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2007	\$	\$	\$ <u>14,153</u>

	We Abate	eed ement	Code Enforcement	DWR Grant	
REVENUES					
Taxes Gas Charges for Services Intergovernmental Licenses, permits, and franchise fees Interest and use of property	\$	- - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - - -	
Total Revenues	-	-			
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Housing and Community Development Public Services Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures			14 - - - - - 14	- - - - -	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In Transfers Out		8,207 	1,446	5,367 	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		8,207	1,446	5,367	
Net Change in Fund Balance		8,207	1,432	5,367	
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2006		(8,207)	(1,432	(5,367)	
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2007	\$		\$	\$	

	r Storm mage	Water Pum		TEA-21
REVENUES	.			
Taxes Gas Charges for Services Intergovernmental Licenses, permits, and franchise fees Interest and use of property	\$ - - - -	\$	- \$ - - -	- - - -
Total Revenues	 			
EXPENDITURES				
Current General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Housing and Community Development Public Services Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	 70,738 - (4,256)		- - - - - -	- - - - - -
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(66,482)			<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	(26,5	- 540)	133,199
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 	(26,5	<u> </u>	133,199
Net Change in Fund Balance	 (66,482)	(26,5	<u> (40</u>)	133,199
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2006	(63,369)	26,5	<u> </u>	(133,199)
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2007	\$ (129,851)	\$	\$	_

	Water Feasibility Study	Brownfield Grant EPA	Clean Water Grant Match
REVENUES			
Taxes Gas Charges for Services Intergovernmental Licenses, permits, and franchise fees Interest and use of property	\$ - - - -	\$ - 66,071 - -	\$ - - - - -
Total Revenues		66,071	
EXPENDITURES			
Current General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Housing and Community Development Public Services Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	- - - - - -	90,582 - - - - - - 90,582 (24,511)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In Transfers Out	123,303		205
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	123,303		205
Net Change in Fund Balance	123,303	(24,511)	205
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2006	(123,303)	(7,806)	(205)
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2007	\$	\$ (32,317)	\$

DEVENUE	Fund 90	Totals
REVENUES		
Taxes Gas Charges for Services Intergovernmental Licenses, permits, and franchise fees Interest and use of property Total Revenues	\$ - 10,000 - 16 10,016	\$ 167,042 2,491 245,342 10,657 653 426,185
Total Revenues	10,010	420,103
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>		
Current General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Housing and Community Development Public Services Capital Outlay	1,237 - - - - -	276,567 203,461 60,059 78,521 19,183 34,925
Total Expenditures	1,237	672,716
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	8,779	(246,531)
Transfers In Transfers Out		390,507 (134,866)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		255,641
Net Change in Fund Balance	8,779	9,110
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2006		118,070
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2007	\$8,779	\$ 127,180

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	 bursements/ openditures
Environmental Protection Agency		
DHS Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund	66.468	\$ 1,180,684
Brownfield Assessment and Cooperative Grant	66.818	90,582
Office of Community Planning and Development, Department of Housing and Urban Development		
Community Development Block Grants	14.248	 <u>245,615</u>
		\$ 1,516,881

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2901 Douglas Boulevard, Suite 290 Roseville, CA 95661 TEL 916 774-4208 FAX 916 774-4230



SACRAMENTO OFFICE

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City od Rio Dell Rio Dell, California

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rio Dell (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents and have issued our report thereon dated October 23, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Rio Dell as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City of Rio Dell's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Rio Dell's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Rio Dell's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the following deficiencies to be significant deficiencies in internal control.

The City of Rio Dell does not have adequate controls over the year end financial reporting process to ensure the proper conversion from fund financial statements to full accrual GASB 34 financial reporting.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Rio Dell's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the City of Rio Dell in a separate letter dated October 23, 2007.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, City Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mann, Urrutia, Nelson CPAs

Sacramento, California October 23, 2007

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Rio Dell Rio Dell, California

We have audited the compliance of the City of Rio Dell with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2007. The City of Rio Dell's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Rio Dell's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Rio Dell's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Rio Dell's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Rio Dell's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Rio Dell complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Rio Dell is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Rio Dell internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Mann, Urrutia, Nelson CPAs

Sacramento, California October 23, 2007

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Sta	atements
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Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

Reportable conditions identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

Reportable conditions identified that are not considered to be

material weaknesses? None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?

Major programs are as follows:

66.468 DHS Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B

programs:

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Findings relating to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards.

None

\$300,000

None reported

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Findings and questioned costs for Federal Awards, which includes audit findings and defined in Section 510(a).

None